

Useful Guidelines:

* Future value of an investment with continuous Compounding:

If P is the amount invested at an interest rate r per year, the future value S at the end of t years is

$S = Pe^{rt}$, with continuous compounding.

* The interest earned on an investment is the future value minus the original investment.

20/20
Good job!

1. Suppose that P is invested in CD account in which interest r is compounded continuously at 6% per year.

The amount A accumulated after t years is $A = Pe^{rt}$. Find A if \$4000 is invested for

a) 6 years

$A = Pe^{rt}$

$P = 4,000$
 $A = 4,000e^{(.06)(6)}$

$r = .06$
 $A = 4,000e^{(.36)}$

$t = 6$

\$ 5,733.32

b) 20 years

$A = Pe^{rt}$

$P = 4,000e^{(.06)(20)}$

$P = 4,000e^{(1.2)}$

\$ 13,280.47

2. a) What is the future value of \$2000 invested for 10 years at 9% compounded continuously?

b) How much will be earned on this investment?

A) $A = Pe^{rt}$

$A = 2,000e^{(.09)(10)}$

$A = 2,000e^{(.9)}$

\$ 4,919.21

B) 4,919.21

- 2,000

\$ 2,919.21

3 Suppose that \$250,000 is invested at 8% interest.

a) Find the amount of money in the account after 8 years if the interest is compounded annually.

b) Find the amount of money in the account after 8 years if the interest is compounded continuously.

A) $S = P(1+r)^t$

$S = 250,000(1+.08)^8$

$S = 250,000(1.08)^8$

\$ 462,732.55

b) $S = Pe^{rt}$

$S = 250,000e^{(.08)(8)}$

$S = 250,000e^{(.64)}$

\$ 474,120.22